25**X**1

maneuvering. At the time of observation, they were proceeding in column ahead. When the flotilla leader made a turn, the other ships proceeded to the same point and then made their turn, consistently following the first vessel in column ahead. Observations during the succeeding days indicated that the submarine put out to sea at dawn every day and returned in the evening, mooring in	25X1
Basin No 10 of the Naval Port.	25X1
these submarines probably belong to the M-ll class. It is possible, however, that the submarines do not correspond exactly to this class, although it should be borne in mind that [ships] of this class have certain definite characteristics, namely the dimensions, the prow	
armament, and the radio-antenna.	25X1
On the same occasion four cruisers and seven destroyers in the small port of HEL, moored alongside each other with their bows toward the pier.	
A large vessel which might be a heavy cruiser or a battleship was	
moored alongside the south breakwater.	25X1
the large vessel	L
had been transferred to HEL port in the preceding year for out-	-
fitting and that it came from the shipyards of LENINGRAD, where it had	
been launched 25X1	

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25X1

A variety of equipment, including artillery pieces, dismantled conning towers, etc., was piled up on the quay of the outer breakwater of HEL Port.

25X1

B. Port of SWINOUJSCIE

1. Naval units in the port

- a. To the left on entering the port of SWINOUJSCIE and beyond the lighthouse, which had a lookout post on it, seven MTBs were anchored in the small harbor; they had the following characteristics:
 - 1) steel hull, about 25 meters long, with transom stern;
 - 2) a small rapid-firing AA gun on the bow;
 - 3) two twin machineguns, aft of the wheel house, on the keel line;
 - 4) two mine rails, one on each side, with depth charges;
 - 5) streamlined wheel house sloping toward the stern;
 - 6) a small radar, Decca type, on the navigating bridge.

[see diagram]

	ъ.	Five ships	_	defined	as MTBs,	but which	h are	25)
believed	to	have been mi	ne sweepers					
			_					
	c.	Three ships	;					were
probably	Rie	ga class esco	ort vessels					
		were mod	red along t	he channel	_			

d. On the right side of the channel, as one proceeds southward, and about one mile from the entrance, seven naval tugs were moored. They were armed with a small gun and a machine gun and had a high bow with a forward screw, like an icebreaker.

- 3 -

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	25X1
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e. On the same side of the channel, in the	ne basin located about
l and one-half miles from the entrance, there were	
repairs: three old two-funnel torpedo boats and on	ne coastal submarine,
probably of the M-11 class.	
Five landing craft	were very much like
the former German MFP boats, were moored in the sam	
	About 500 meters further
upstream were three vessels which Source defined as	
and four MTBs armed with two tor	rpedoes and two machine
guns	
f. About one mile upstream from the basin	n, on the right side of
the channel, two submarine chasers were moored	
	25X1
g. Two floating drydocks were observed in	the port; work was
being done on submarines in them.	
	·
- 4 -	057/4
	25X1

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SECRET		25X1
C. Port of GDYNIA 1. Naval units in the port. The f	ollowing vessels wer	25X1
the basin of PORTOWY Channel:	.	
a. a repair ship		25X1
b. two vessels		defined
as destroyers;		
c. two vessels	đ	efined as
corvettes;		
d. Five submarine chasers	-	
A heavy cruiser	fl	ying the
Soviet flag entered the port	and moored at I	lock No 4 or 5.
The submarines previously encounter at Naval Dock No 10.	ed in the Gulf of GI	OYNIA moored 25X1
a. HEL Peninsula:		
The object of one of the first	The discussion)	Tishing village 25X1
SECRET	6.coje	25X1

25X1

Several boats with military personnel on board signalled to	25 X
keep away from the coast and not to proceed in a southeasterly direction.	
the entire peninsula, from JASTARNIA to HEL	25X
Point, was completely occupied and controlled by the Soviets, who carried	
out constant coastal patrols in rowboats and in two large motor patrol	
boats which patrol the waters near the coast, and also further off the	
coast, night and day.	
A striking feature of the countryside on HEL Peninsula was the total	
lack of dwellings. Those which had been there had been razed; because	
traces of them were still visible on the ground. The entire coastal area	
of the Peninsula as far as JASTARNIA was closely watched by sentinels in	
sentry boxes, and during the night the beach and the waters off the coast	
were sweptom at irregular intervals by various searchlights located along	
the coast.	
The beach along this entire coastal area is also fenced off with	
barbed wire; the fences run parallel to and some distance from the shore.	
The Soviets also control the narrow-gauge railroad and the road which	
runs from JASTARNIA to HEL.	
On the next trip, again by sea from GDYNIA, he took a motor launch	
which brings the bathers to the peninsula during the summer period.	25X
north of HEL Port in the vicinity of	25 X
the Chapel of Saint Anthony, which was now used as a barracks by the Russian	0.53
soldiers	25X
it was impossible to see the inner port of HEL,	
either coming from GDYNIA The inner	25X
port was bounded to the west by an outer breakwater, surmounted by a high	
wall serving as a windbreak.	
Near the Chapel is a road ending in the sea and forming a slipway,	
protected on the sides by rubber fenders. some large lighters.	25X 25X
come here from which goods were transshipped to trucks6-	Z0 /

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some amphibious vehicles which landed and then moved inland in a 25X1
column with the trucks.
the same road, which was
also accessible to civilians runs
through the entire peninsula, from HEL to JASTERNIA. For a long stretch,
it runs parallel to the narrow-gauge railroad and to the left of it. The
roadway, however, lies considerably higher than the railroad.
25X1 aside from light
military motor traffic in both directions.
b. The road (see Sketch No 1 in attachments):
The road runs on top of an embankment whose elevation above the
surrounding terrain varies with the undulating terrain. In some places,
the embankment reaches an elevation of 8 to 9 meters. The railroad runs
at ground level and it therefore is lower.
The pavement is more than 8 meters wide, with foot paths on both
sides, and is level (not cambered). The roadway is an amalgam of finely
crushed rock and a whitish binding material which appeared to
be neither asphalt nor cement. Presumably, the road rests on a solid
foundation.
The pedestrians cannot cross the road. Underpasses are located at
intervals of about 300-400 meters and are reached by concrete steps des-
cending from the bank. The road can be crossed only by these underpasses,
or rather tunnels, which turn upward at a sharp angle. They are not over
one meter wide and only a little over 2 meters high.
For each underpass, there is a sentry box in which a sentry regulates
the crossings by means of green and red lights.
on the two banks, there were large 25X
steel plates, one opposite the other and located at regular intervals.
These steel plates were held down by transverse bars fastened by heavy
steel bolts.
- 7 -
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Along the base of the embankment, there are steel girders driven	
vertically into the ground. There are wire fences on both sides of the road, some distance from the base of the embankment, and concrete dogtoot	h
and pyramid antitank obstructions were observed in some stretches of the	
fields flanking the road. The road is bordered by tall trees and is guarded by military police	
on motorcycles who patrol it continuously, as well as by pairs of armed	
sentries stationed in two-level sentry towers. The upper level is shaped like a circular dovecote and has a small balcony. This level reaches	
the height of the trees and affords a good view of the road. The lower	ſ
level is even with the surrounding terrain and permits a view of the	

located on both sides of the embankment; they are about 100 meters from

25X1
each other and on alternate sides of the road.

the road for a distance

a large

part of the truck traffic turned off to the right at a point about

1.5 kilometers from the Chapel of Saint Anthony.

at
that point, on the summit of a small hill, there was a fork. A second
road, completely like the first, branched off from the main road in a
rather wide curve to the southeast.

in the vicinity of this fork.

the zone between the grass and trees for a short distance and

came to a triple fence (see Sketch

No 2 in Attachments).

The first and outermost fence consisted of wood posts painted red and single crossed wires and one horizontal strand; the second, of horizontal strands of barbed wire strung on similar posts; and the third, of horizontal strands of wire strung on white enameled steel posts resting on insulators supported by concrete blocks fixed in the ground.

25X1

25X1

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the first fence and near the second the third carried an electric charge. Beyond the third fence, the terrain dropped off rapidly. from that dominating point and in front of an extensive level area paved like the road and located in a hollow, completely surrounded by hillocks. this was a missile launching base (see Sketch No 3). The following is a brief description of the installation. The level area was approximately a trapezoid 25X1 There were four pits, shaped like an inverted cone, aligned in a souther by direction and about 100 meters apart. The first and largest pit was nearest and held a cylindrical missile erected vertically. The second
the third carried an electric charge. Beyond the third fence, the terrain dropped off rapidly. from that dominating point and in front of an extensive level area paved like the road and located in a hollow, completely surrounded by hillocks. this was a missile launching base (see Sketch No 3). The following is a brief description of the installation. The level area was approximately a trapezoid There were four pits, shaped like an inverted cone, aligned in a souther ly direction and about 100 meters apart. The first and largest pit was nearest and held a cylindrical missile erected vertically. The second
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area was approximately a trapezoid There were four pits, shaped like an inverted cone, aligned in a souther ly direction and about 100 meters apart. The first and largest pit was nearest and held a cylindrical missile erected vertically. The second
There were four pits, shaped like an inverted cone, aligned in a souther ly direction and about 100 meters apart. The first and largest pit was nearest and held a cylindrical missile erected vertically. The second
direction and about 100 meters apart. The first and largest pit was nearest and held a cylindrical missile erected vertically. The second 25X1
and held a cylindrical missile erected vertically. The second
and held a cylindrical missile erected vertically. The second
pit was smaller and covered with a tarpaulin. The other two were still
smaller and were probably being completed.
On left, toward the east, there were five narrow and very
long barracks with their backs almost against a slope. The barracks had
shed roofs and were half concealed by the branches of the trees. Near
the barracks Were radio antennas. Toward the west, there were an undeter-
mined number of gas cylinders set up vertically. 25X1
Facing a hill about one kilometer away, there was
a large group of houses with a search radar station and various antennas 25X1
nearby. an undetermined number of radar installations
and radio antennas near the area).
- 9 -
25X1

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25X1

25X1

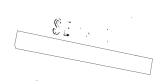
The pit nearest ______ the one containing the missile, had the shape of an inverted cone, with the base opening on the level area. There were concrete steps in the concrete wall of the cone, leading down from the level area. At the top, was a sentry box with an armed sentry who checked the persons descending into the pit and coming out of it. These persons had to show some kind of pass.

On the level area, around the pit, there was a small protective chain strung on posts. Inside, toward the vertex of the cone, there were steel doors. Still further down, the cone was truncated by a kind of polygonal ring (eight or more sides) in which steel ports were observed. From the ring protruded a weapon, thought to be a missile, held in vertical position. It had a slight metallic glow (greased steel, like torpedoes) and terminated in a conical ogive. Close to the ogive there was a horizontal green band 25X1

There was a spiral staircase around the missile and two men were working on it. The first and lowest received something resembling a cable from another, who handed it to him from a port of the polygonal crown; then the first passed it on to the person above him, who was working while 25X1 sticking his head into an open port in the body of the missile.

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SEGRET		25X1
		25X
		20%
The second pit was smaller than the fi		
tarpaulin, fastened on the posts of the pro	_	
pit. There must have been something inside		
of a very flattened cone, not greater than	1.5 meters, above the surface	e .
of the level area.		
The other two pits were still smaller	and must have been in the st	
of completion, because persons were seen wo	orking on them.	25 X 1
To left, there were four or	r five barracks about 500 met	ters
from the pits with their backs against a sl	lope; trees growing on the sl	lope
concealed the barracks from above. The bar	cracks followed the undulation	ons
of the terrain and were arranged in the for	rm of an arc, so that the	25X1
farthest ones were difficult to make out.		
they were narrow	and very long, with shed roo	ofs
sloping toward the level area and composed	of a light gray material	
resembling Eternite, and that the walls were	re made of an unidentified	25 X 1
material painted dark green.		25/1
Radio antennas with guy wires were obs	served in the vicinity of the	
barracks.		
On the side opposite the barracks and	several hundred meters from	25 X 1
the pits an undetermined number	of cylindrical tanks (see	
Sketch No 5) arranged vertically, about 3 m	meters high, and painted alum	ninum.
- 11 -		
¢	© F. a	5X1
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25X1

A pipe projected from the lower part of each tank and was connected to a collector resting on the level area parallel to and some distance from the pits. To this collector were also connected other pipes which ran into the pits.

On the level area and in the proximity of the pit covered with a	25 X 1
tarpaulin, the end of a missile resting on a saddle	
equipped with wheels. the body was largely cylindrical	
and slightly tapered toward the tail, with exhaust gas opening, four fins	25X
spaced perpendicularly (see Sketch No 5)	
toward the southeastern end of the level area, there	
was a group of houses on an elevation over 1,000 meters away. Near this	05.74
zone, on the right, saw a very high trellis antenna.	25 X 1
At the top of this antenna, there was a shining circular beam revolving	
horizontally around the axis of the antenna.	25 X 1
In the same area, there were reportedly radar installations, a few	
of which described as being for medium and long range detection,	
as well as one for altitude detection.	25 X 1
there were numerous radar and radio antennas in the area and that all	
around there were guard posts which in the distance resembled railroad	
water tanks.	25 X 1
On the field, men going about in military uniforms and	
others in civilian dress; no private or military vehicles.	25 V 1
On the narrow gauge steam railroad from JASTARNIA to HEL,	25X1
only freight trains; the cars of these trains, however, were very smal	1.
	25X1

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SECRET	, 25X1

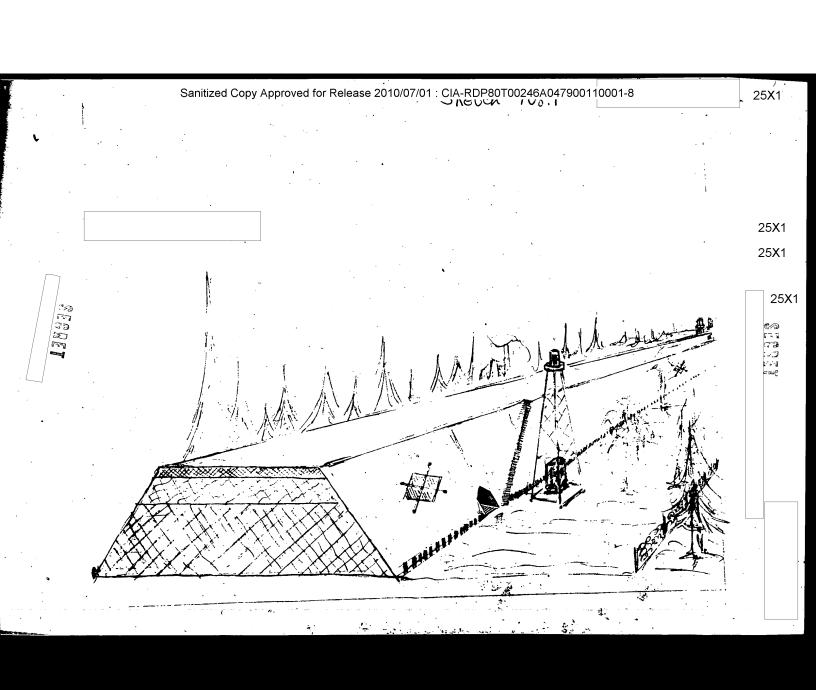
		25X1
in GDYNIA harbor,	a continuous and increasing r	oar. A
few instants later	a missile rise vertically at a point	25X1
estimated to be in the	direction of PILOWA. unable to make	e out the 25X1
body of the missile cla	arly a long tail of fire	e and a
thick trail of white sm	oke. At first, the missile rose rather slo	owly and
during this phase its t	rajectory was slightly parabolic. Shortly	, however,
it resumed its vertical	rise and from that moment on the roar char	nged to
a kind of whistling, th	e tail of fire turned violet, and the miss:	ile gra-
dually increased its ve	locity. In 2 or 3 minutes, it disappeared	completely 25X1
from view, still going	in a vertical direction.	
3. Coastal defens	18	lentified 25X1
(see Diagram No 1) in a	tourist bus, which is the usual transports	
service from and to GDY	NIA	25 X 1
	waters were restricted to naval cra	aft which
exercise there. This a	rea is Zone A for Polish craft, and Zone B	
Russian submarines (see		
The two zones, mar		awn On
•	on of a number of buoys and markers indicat	25 X 1
limits of the zones.	or or manner or profit marriers finten	

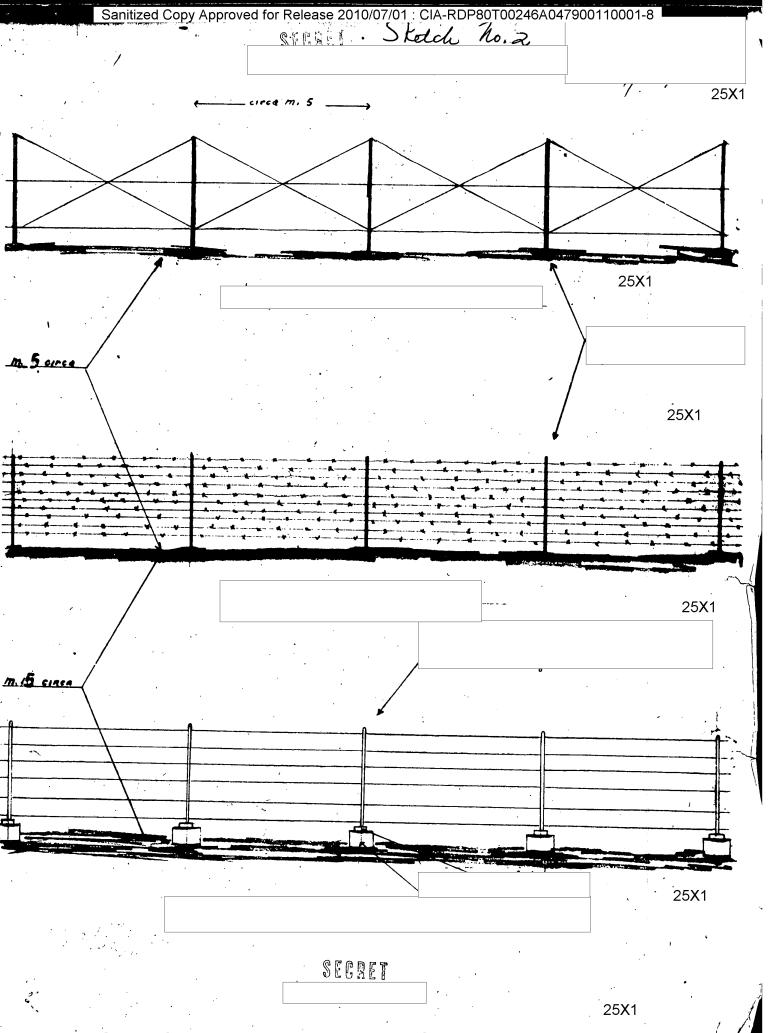
- 13 -

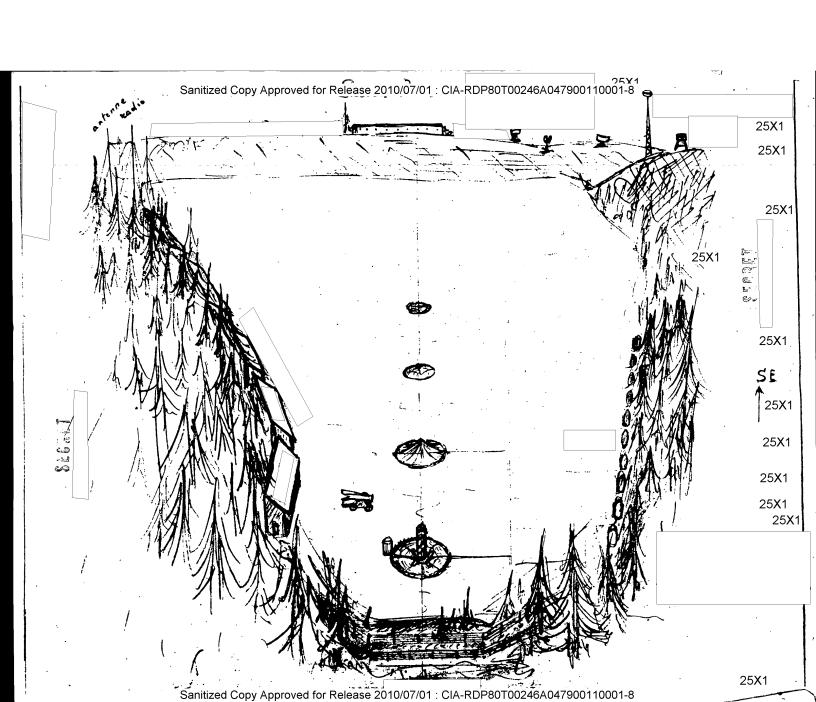
25X1

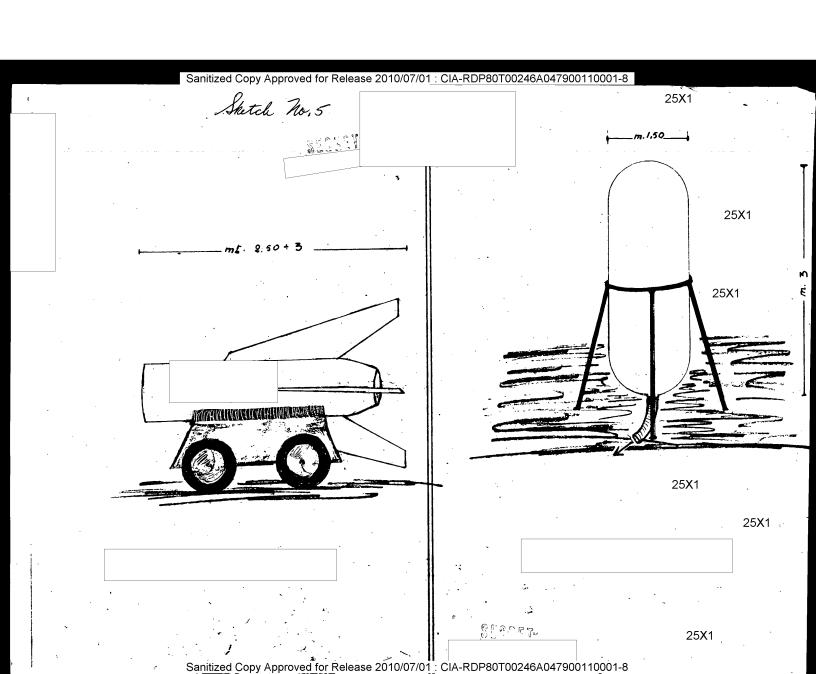
When the Russian submarines are on maneuvers, red flags are placed on the markers along the line of demarcation between the two zones.

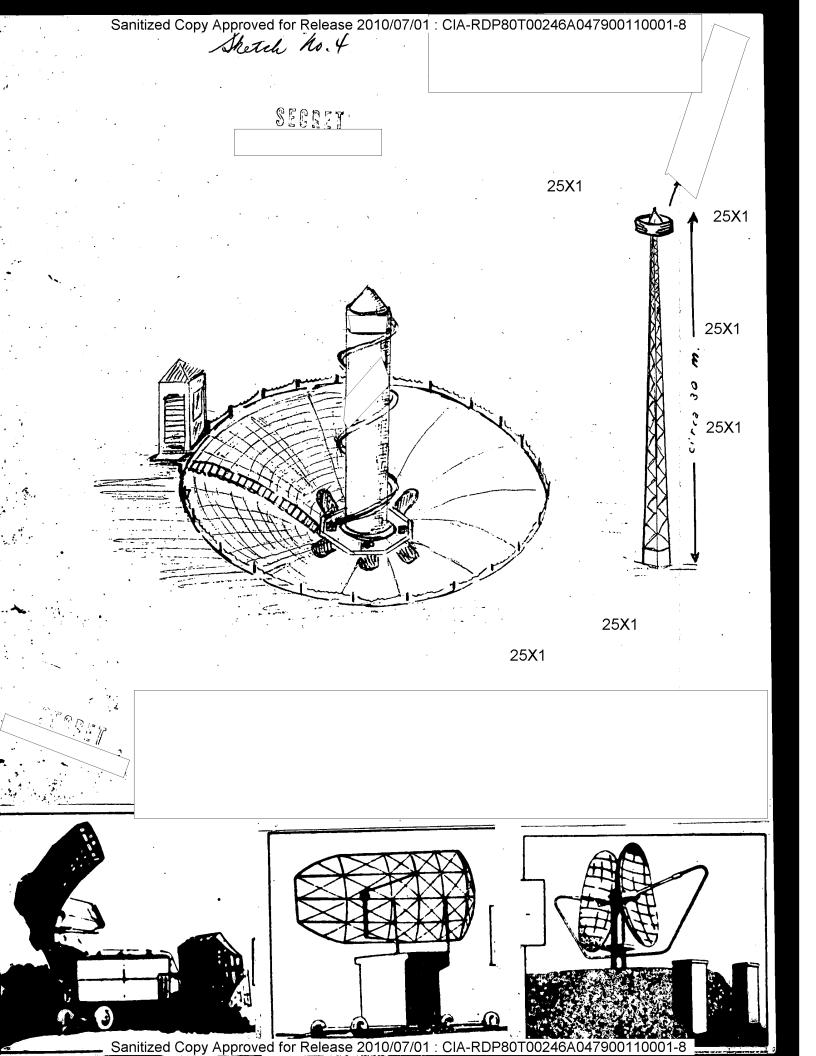
	_					
	14 of	these flag	gs.	6		
		trip to PC	BBERNAU,			
Warned			that thos	se waters were	also restri	cted to
naval craft						
					7	
					near the	beach,
both north and	south	of the por	t of PIL	WA, there were	heavy cali	ber naval
artillery empla	acement	-s (3	Sketch No 1).		five
-		T				
emplacements,	three 1	north and t	wo south	of the port,		
[each of] these	e was n	nade up of	a gun pla	tform in front	of a cave	sheltering
the gun, the ba	arrel o	of which wa	s visible	١.		

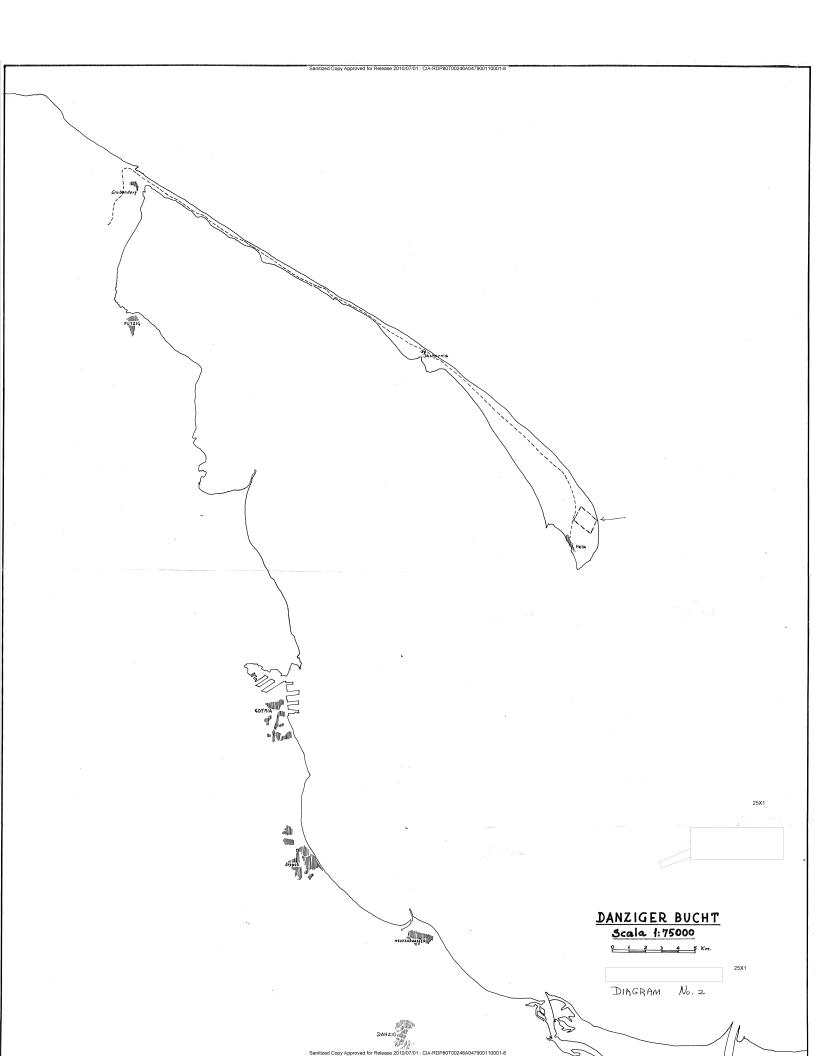


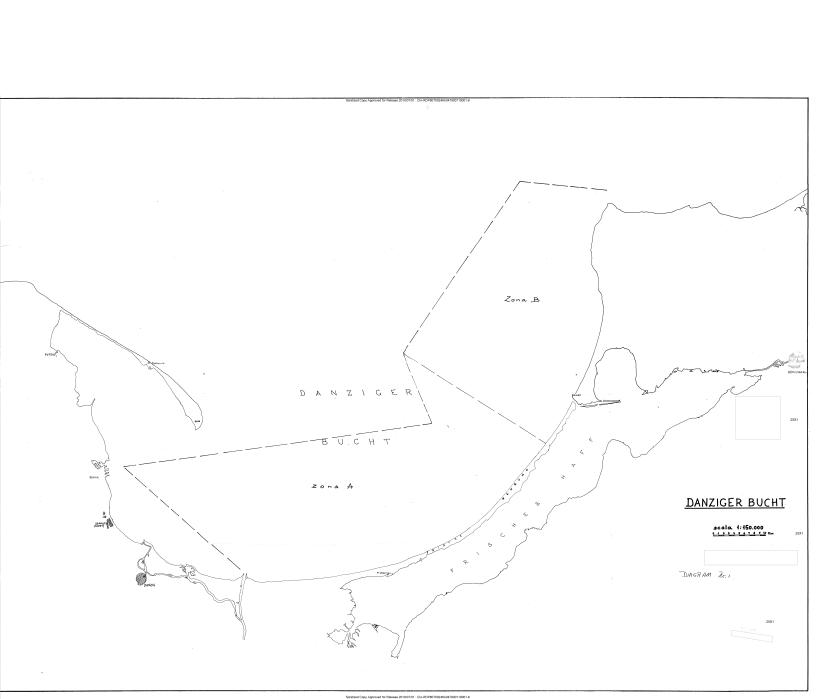












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SWINOUJSCIE and SZCZECIN	3 1.30	
GDYNIA		
		25X1

A. Information and Observations Relative to Navigation

- 1. Safe routes. Ships entering the port of SWINOUJSCIE follow the routes indicated in the sailing directions. It is possible, however, to follow the routes leading directly to the pilot's buoy. At his buoy, the pilot comes on board, unaccompanied. Near this buoy, there is a big suction dredge in operation. The two steamers sunk outside of SWINOUJSCIE are being demolished.
- 2. Naval units encountered and observed. At the entry to the Gulf of GDYNIA, past HEL Point, four Polish submarines were seen in zone A of attached Diagram No 1. The four submarines came from the east and were



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